PNJ10-12S Non-isolated SIP Series

Features

- Point of load(POL) applications
- High efficiency: 5V@94%
- -40 to +85 ambient operating temperature
- Open frame SIP
- Low output ripple and noise
- Positive enable function
- Adjustable output from 0.75V to 5.5V
- No minimum load requirement
- Fixed frequency switching(300KHZ)

Environmental

- Operating board temperature range:
 -40 ℃ to 100 ℃
- Storage temperature:
 -55 ℃ to 125 ℃
- Temp.coefficient: <±0.02%/℃
- MTBF:
 - >2 million hrs

Electrical Specifications

Input

Input range:10-14VdcInput under-voltage shundown:9.0-9.3Vdc

Output

Voltage setpoint accuracy: ±2.0%Vo max. Voltage adjust: 0.75V to 5.5V Line regulation: 0.5%Vomax. Load regulation: 1.0%V_o max. Over-current protection: >200%lo, auto-recovery Short-circuit protection: continuous, auto-recovery Ripple and noise: <75mVpp max. recovery <150uS max. Transient response: 150mV max.

> (25% step load change from 50% l₀) di/dt: 1A/10uS

Control

Control voltage:	
Positive logic	
High =on	3 to 14Vdc
Low=off	-0.2 to 0.8Vdc
Negative logic	
Low =on	-0.2 to 0.8Vdc
High=off	3 to 14Vdc
Control current:	2mA max



Ordering Information

Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Efficiency	Model Number
10V to 14V	0.75V	10A	76%	PNJ10-12SV75
10V to 14V	1.2V	10A	84%	PNJ10-12S1V2
10V to 14V	1.5V	10A	86%	PNJ10-12S1V5
10V to 14V	1.8V	10A	87%	PNJ10-12S1V8
10V to 14V	2.5V	10A	90%	PNJ10-12S2V5
10V to 14V	3.3V	10A	92%	PNJ10-12S3V3
10V to 14V	5V	10A	94%	PNJ10-12S05



POWERLD

Notes: The detail and recommended hole pattern layout is available in the Application Manual.

The output voltage of the PNJ10 can be programmed to any voltage between 0.75Vdc and 5Vdc by connecting one resistor (shown as Rtrim in Figure 1) between the TRIM and GND pins of the module. Without this external resistor, the output voltage of the module is 0.7525 Vdc. To calculate the value of the resistor Rtrim for a particular output voltage Vo, please use the following equation:

$$Rtrim = \left[\frac{10500}{Vo - 0.7525} - 1000\right]\Omega$$

For example, to program the output voltage of the PNJ10 module to 3.3Vdc, Rtrim is calculated as follows:

$$Rtrim = \left[\frac{10500}{3.3 - 0.7525} - 1000\right]\Omega$$

PNJ10 can also be programmed by apply a voltage between the TRIM and GND pins (Figure 2). The following equation can be used to determine the value of Vtrim needed for a desired output voltage Vo:

Vtrim := $0.7 - [(Vo - 0.7525) \cdot 0.0667]$

For example, to program the output voltage of a PNJ10 module to 3.3 Vdc, Vtrim is calculated as follows

Vtrim := $0.7 - (2.5475 \cdot 0.0667) = 0.53$ V



Figure 1: Circuit configuration for programming output voltage using an external resistor



Figure 2: Circuit Configuration for programming output voltage using external voltage source

Table 1 provides Rtrim values required for some common output voltages, while Table 2 provides value of external voltage source, Vtrim, for the same common output voltages. By using a 1% tolerance trim resistor, set point tolerance of $\pm 2\%$ can be achieved as specified in the electrical specification.

Table 1

VO (V)	Rtrim (KΩ)	
0.7525	Open	
1.2	22.464	
1.5	13.047	
1.8	9.024	
2.5	5.009	
3.3	3.122	
5.0	1.472	



VO (V)	Vtrim (V)
0.7525	Open
1.2	0.670
1.5	0.650
1.8	0.630
2.5	0.583
3.3	0.530
5.0	0.4167

